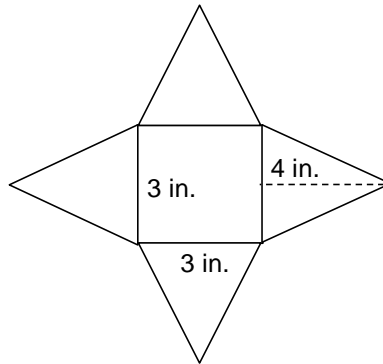
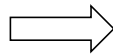
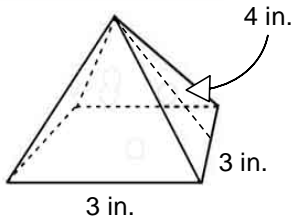


SURFACE AREA - PYRAMIDS

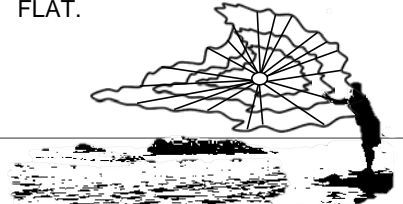
NAME: _____

THE **SURFACE AREA** OF A SOLID IS THE TOTAL AREA OF ITS SURFACE. TO FIND THE SURFACE AREA YOU WILL NEED TO FIND THE AREA OF EACH FACE (SIDE) AND THEN ADD THEM ALL TOGETHER.

Helpful Example



WE CAN USE A **NET** TO HELP US BETTER SEE THE PIECES OF A SOLID. A **NET** SHOWS ALL THE FACES ON A FLAT SURFACE. IT'S LIKE UNFOLDING A SOLID SO IT'S FLAT.



THINK OF **NET** LIKE A FISHERMAN THROWING OUT HIS **NET**.

THIS IS A **SQUARE PYRAMID**. TO FIND THE SURFACE AREA WE NEED TO FIND THE AREA OF ALL 5 FACES.

NOW IF YOU LOOK AT THE NET YOU CAN SEE WE NEED TO FIND THE AREA OF FOUR TRIANGLES AND ONE SQUARE. THE TRIANGLES HAVE A HEIGHT OF 4 INCHES AND A BASE OF 3 INCHES, AND THE SQUARE HAS SIDES OF 3 INCHES.

AREA OF TRIANGLE: $\frac{1}{2} \times (3 \text{ in.} \times 4 \text{ in.}) = 6 \text{ in.}^2$

BUT THERE ARE FOUR TRIANGLES SO WE NEED TO MULTIPLY BY 4. $\rightarrow 6 \text{ in.}^2 \times 4 = 24 \text{ in.}^2$

AREA OF SQUARE: $3 \text{ in.} \times 3 \text{ in.} = 9 \text{ in.}^2$

NOW YOU JUST ADD THEM UP: $24 \text{ in.}^2 + 9 \text{ in.}^2 = 33 \text{ in.}^2$



WHEN FINDING THE AREAS OF THE TRIANGLES WE CAN ALSO USE THE PERIMETER OF THE BASE AND STILL GET THE SAME ANSWER.

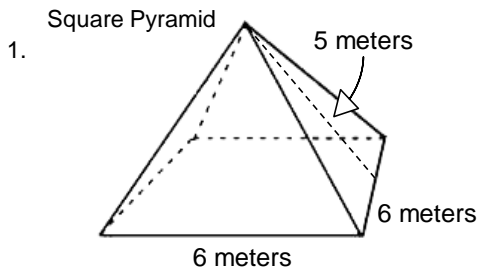


$$\frac{1}{2} \times (\text{perimeter of square} \times \text{height of triangle}) = \frac{1}{2} \times (3 \text{ in.} + 3 \text{ in.} + 3 \text{ in.} + 3 \text{ in.}) \times 4 \text{ in.}$$

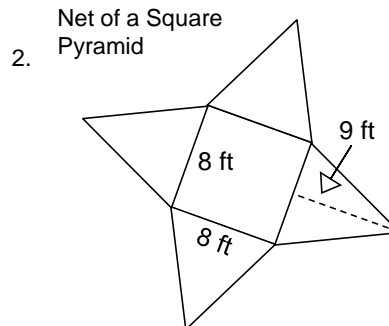
$$= \frac{1}{2} \times (12 \text{ in.} \times 4 \text{ in.}) = 24 \text{ in.}^2$$

SEE WE GOT THE SAME AREA FOR ALL 4 TRIANGLES.

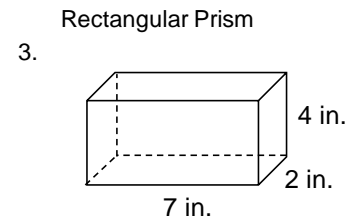
Now your turn. Find the surface area of each solid shape or net.



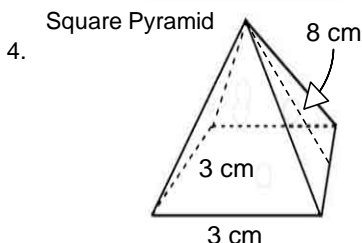
96 square meters



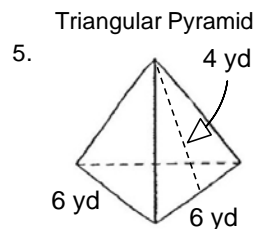
208 square feet



100 square inches



57 square centimeters



51.6 square yards

